





#### Radical

متطرف / جذری

It became easier to be exposed to radical beliefs ever since social media became popular.

أصبح من السهل التعرض للمعتقدات المتطرفة منذ أن أصبحت وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي شائعة

# **Prestigious**

مرموق (ذو مقام عالی)

Their house is located in one of the most prestigious neighborhoods in the country.

يقع منزلهم في واحدة من أرقى الاحياء السكنية في البلدة

# **Ambiguous**

غامض / مبهم

Sometimes, people get praised simply for saying ambiguous statements.

في بعض الأحيان، يتم الإشادة بالناس فقط لقولهم عبارات غامضة

# Heighten

يزداد

Her sense of fear heightened as soon as she heard the noise.

ازداد شعورها بالخوف بمجرد سماع الضجيج















# **Triumph**

انتصار / نجاح

In classic cinematic fashion, good eventually triumphed over evil.

بطريقة سينمائية كلاسيكية، انتصر الخير في النهاية على الشر

She was born on the 31st of October 1950 in Baghdad, Iraq and was most wellknown for her radical designs. In 2004 she became the first woman to be awarded the Pritzker Architecture Prize, the field's most prestigious award, to be the first female ever to achieve such an honor.

That is Zaha Hadid. Zaha began her studies at the American University in Beirut, Lebanon, receiving a bachelor's degree in Mathematics.



Zaha's designs were criticized for being ambiguous. She got labeled as a "Paper Architect". This impression of her heightened when some of her designs were exhibited as works of art in major museums. Zaha's first built project was the "Vitra Fire Station" (1989-1993) in Germany.

Zaha followed up with multiple projects during that period (1989-1999) including the Millennium Dome in Greenwich, London

In 2012, she became Dame Zaha Hadid, after getting appointed as Dame Commander of the Order of the British Empire (DME) which is considered the "Most Excellent Order of the British Empire". Her last triumph, before she leaves this world at the age of 65 after a heart attack. Zaha Hadid has carved



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her name deep in history with her outstanding architecture and extraordinary accomplishments. People may not know all the hardships she faced to get her name where it stands now, but they, certainly, know that she is a figure worthy of utmost respect.

She was born on the 31st of October 1950 in Baghdad, Iraq and was most wellknown for her radical designs.

ولدت في 31 أكتوبر 1950 في بغداد بالعراق وكانت مشهورة بتصميماتها المتمردة

In 2004 she became the first woman to be awarded the Pritzker Architecture Prize, the field's most prestigious award, to be the first female ever to achieve such an honor.

في عام 2004 أصبحت أول امرأة تحصل على جائزة بريتزكر للهندسة المعمارية، وهي أكثر جائزة مرموقة في ذلك المجال، لتكون أول امرأة تحقق مثل هذا الشرف

That is Zaha Hadid.

هذه هی زها حدید

Zaha began her studies at the American University in Beirut, Lebanon, receiving a bachelor's degree in Mathematics.

بدأت زها دراستها في الجامعة الأمريكية في بيروت بلبنان، وحصلت على درجة البكالوريوس في الرياضيات

Zaha's designs were criticized for being ambiguous.

تم انتقاد تصاميم زها لكونها غامضة

She got labeled as a "Paper Architect".

تم تصنيفها على أنها "مهندسة على الورق"

This impression of her heightened when some of her designs were exhibited as works of art in major museums.

ازداد هذا الانطباع عنها عندما عرضت بعض تصميماتها على أنها أعمال فنية في متاحف كبري.

Zaha's first built project was the "Vitra Fire Station" (1989-1993) in Germany. كان أول مشروع بني لزها هو "محطة إطفاء فيترا" (1989-1993) في ألمانيا



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Zaha followed up with multiple projects during that period (1989-1999) including the Millennium Dome in Greenwich, London.

تابعت زها بمشاريع متعددة خلال تلك الفترة (1989-1999) بما في ذلك قبة الألفية في غرينتش لندن

In 2012, she became Dame Zaha Hadid, after getting appointed as Dame Commander of the Order of the British Empire (DME) which is considered the "Most Excellent Order of the British Empire".

في عام 2012، أصبحت السيدة زها حديد، بعد أن تم تعيينها كقائدة لأمر الإمبراطورية البريطانية الذي يعتبر "أُفَّضَلُ وسام بالإمبراطورية البريطانية"

Her last triumph, before she leaves this world at the age of 65 after a heart attack.

آخر انتصار لها، قبل أن تغادر هذا العالم في سن 65 بعد نوبة قلبية

Zaha Hadid has carved her name deep in history with her outstanding architecture and extraordinary accomplishments.

زها حديد نحتت اسمها عميقًا في التاريخ بهندستها المعمارية الرائعة وإنجازاتها غير العادية

People may not know all the hardships she faced to get her name where it stands now, but they, certainly, know that she is a figure worthy of utmost respect.

قد لا يعرِف الناس كل المصاعب التي واجهتها لوضع اسمها بهذه المكانة، لكنهم بالتأكيد يعرفون أنها شخصية تستحق أقصى درجات الاحترام







